Applicant: Gordon Smith

Serial No.: Pending

Filing Date: Herewith

Docket No.: H327.103.102

Title: METHOD OF BURNISHING A BURNISHABLE REAR PAD SLIDER IN A DISK DRIVE

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 15-20 as follows:

1.(Original) A method of burnishing a rear pad of a slider within a disk drive, the rear pad

being formed of a burnishable material and maintaining an element for reading and/or writing,

the disk drive further including a spindle motor rotatably driving a disk and an actuator assembly

positioning the slider over a surface of the disk, the method comprising:

rotating the disk;

radially moving the slider relative to the disk surface in a reciprocal fashion, causing the

rear pad to rock; and

burnishing the rear pad via contact between the rear pad and the disk surface;

wherein the rear pad is burnished as the rear pad rocks, imparting a positive camber in the

rear pad relative to the reading and/or writing element.

2.(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rear pad defines a height, and further wherein

burnishing the rear pad includes reducing the height.

3.(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rear pad defines a leading surface, a trailing

surface, opposing side surfaces, and a bottom surface opposite a support body of the slider, and

further wherein radially moving the rear pad includes alternately contacting the opposing side

surfaces against the disk surface.

4.(Original) The method of claim 3, wherein imparting a positive camber includes forming at

least a portion of each of the opposing side surfaces to be non-perpendicular relative to the

bottom surface.

5.(Original) The method of claim 4, wherein imparting a positive camber includes blending

each of the opposing side surfaces relative to the bottom surface.

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6.(Original) The method of claim 4, wherein a width of the rear pad is defined by a distance

between the opposing sides, and further wherein imparting a positive camber includes

establishing a minimum width of the rear pad at the bottom surface.

7.(Original) The method of claim 3, wherein following burnishing the opposing side surfaces

are non-symmetrical.

8.(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein radially moving the slider relative to the disk

surface includes radially accelerating the slider relative to the disk surface.

9.(Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

moving the slider tangentially relative to the disk surface, causing the rear pad to rock

longitudinally.

10.(Original) The method of claim 9, further comprising:

correlating radial slider movement and tangential slider movement to optimize a shape of

the rear pad following burnishing.

11.(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein radially moving the slider includes operating the

actuator assembly in a first operational state when a height of the rear pad is relatively large and

in a second operational state when the height is reduced, and further wherein the first operational

state differs from the second operational state by at least one of radially slider velocity, radial

slider acceleration, radial slider travel distance, and tangential slider velocity.

12.(Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the first operational state is characterized by an

initial stage of burnishing and the second operational state is characterized by a final stage of

burnishing, and further wherein the slider is moved a shorter radial distance in the second

operational state as compared to the first operational state.

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13.(Original) The method of claim 12, further comprising:

establishing parameters of the first operational state and the second operational state prior

to radially moving the slider.

14.(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rear pad is burnished in-file.

15.(Cancelled) A method of shaping a rear pad of a slider within a disk drive, the rear pad

being formed of burnishable material and maintaining an element for reading and/or writing, the

disk drive further including a spindle motor rotatably driving a disk and an actuator assembly

positioning the slider over a surface of the disk, wherein during normal operation of the disk

drive, rotation of the disk at a normal operational speed generates an air bearing between the

slider and the disk surface, the air bearing dictating a fly height, the method comprising:

initially forming the rear pad to an increased height such that at the normal operational

speed, the rear pad is loaded against the disk surface and the fly height is zero;

rotating the disk such that the rear pad rubs against the disk surface; and

radially moving the slider relative to the disk surface in a reciprocal fashion during a first

burnishing mode, causing the rear pad to rock;

wherein during the first burnishing mode, contact between the rear pad and the disk

surface causes the height of the rear pad to decrease and imparts a positive camber

into the rear pad.

16.(Cancelled) The method of claim 15, wherein a radial velocity and a radial travel

distance of the slider during the first burnishing mode is predetermined.

17.(Cancelled) The method of claim 15, wherein the first burnishing mode includes an

initial burnishing stage and a secondary burnishing stage, the method further comprising:

establishing an initial wear level value for the rear pad; and

transitioning from the initial burnishing stage to the secondary burnishing stage once the

rear pad has been burnished to the initial wear level-value;

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wherein a radial velocity of the slider and the secondary burnishing stage is less than a radial velocity of the slider in the initial burnishing stage.

18.(Cancelled) The method of claim 17, wherein the first burnishing mode further includes a final burnishing stage, the method further comprising:

establishing a final wear level value for the rear pad; and

transitioning from the secondary burnishing stage to the final burnishing stage once the rear pad has been burnished to the final wear level value;

wherein a radial travel distance of the slider in the final burnishing stage is less than a radial travel distance of the slider in the secondary burnishing stage.

- 19.(Cancelled) The method of claim 15, further comprising the steps of:
 - a)operating the disk drive at a normal operational speed following completion of the first burnishing mode, the slider flying above the disk surface at a fly height;
 - b) determining that a fly height correction is necessary;
 - e) operating the disk drive in a second burnishing mode, the second burnishing mode including:

temporarily decreasing a spacing between the rear pad and the disk surface;
radially moving the slider relative to the disk surface in a reciprocal fashion,
causing the rear pads to rock;

- wherein sides of the rear pad are burnished by the disk surface during the second burnishing mode; and
- d) operating the disk drive under normal operational conditions, wherein the fly height has been altered by the burnishing in the second burnishing mode.
- 20.(Cancelled) The method of claim 15, wherein a radial acceleration of the slider in the first burnishing mode is greater than a radial acceleration of the slider under normal operational conditions of the disk drive.